EE 4CL4 – Control System Design

Homework Assignment #4

1. The input-output model for a system is given by:

$$\ddot{y}(t) + 7\dot{y}(t) + 12y(t) = 3u(t)$$
, where $\ddot{y}(t) = \frac{d^2 y(t)}{dt^2}$ and $\dot{y}(t) = \frac{d y(t)}{dt}$.

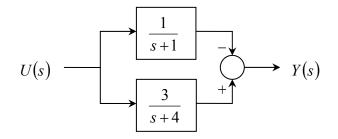
- a. Determine the system transfer function.
- b. Compute the unit step response with zero initial conditions.
- c. Repeat with initial conditions y(0) = -1 and $\dot{y}(0) = 2$. (25 pts)
- 2. Analyze, for $\beta \in \Re$, the frequency response of the AME and the MME when the true and the nominal models are given by:

$$G(s) = \frac{\beta s + 2}{(s+1)(s+2)}$$
 and $G_o(s) = \frac{2}{(s+1)(s+2)}$,

respectively.

Is the AME low-pass, band-pass or high-pass? What about the MME? (25 pts)

3. A parallel connection of 2 systems is illustrated by the following block diagram:



- a. What is the transfer function from *u* to *y*?
- b. What are the system poles and zero?
- c. Calculate the system step response. How does the system zero influence the shape of the step response? (25 pts)
- 4. Calculate the steady-state responses when a unit step is applied to the following systems, commenting on the differences observed.

$$G(s) = \frac{1}{s^3 + 3s^2 + 3s + 1}$$
, (Hint: you will need to use the Laplace-transform property
$$\mathcal{L}[t^k y(t)] = (-1)^k \frac{d^k Y(s)}{ds^k}$$
 for one inverse Laplace transform)

$$G(s) = \frac{s^2 + 2s}{s^3 + 3s^2 + 3s + 1}.$$
 (25 pts)

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