

FIND THE FOURIER TRANSFORM OF  $A \text{sinc}(at) \sin(2\pi f_0 t)$ .

ASSUME  $a > 0$  and  $a \ll f_0$ . SKETCH THE MAGNITUDE & PHASE SPECTRA

SOLUTION:

$$\text{rect}(t) \iff \text{sinc}(f)$$

DUALITY:  $\text{sinc}(t) \iff \text{rect}(f)$

SCALING:  $\text{sinc}(at) \iff \frac{1}{a} \text{rect}(f/a)$

$$A \text{sinc}(at) \iff \frac{A}{a} \text{rect}(f/a)$$

Let  $g(t) = A \text{sinc}(at)$

$$G(f) = \frac{A}{a} \text{rect}(f/a) \quad \longrightarrow (*)$$

LET  $g_1(t) = g(t) \sin(2\pi f_0 t)$

$$= g(t) \frac{e^{j2\pi f_0 t} - e^{-j2\pi f_0 t}}{2j}$$

FREQ. SHIFTING  $g(t) e^{j2\pi f_0 t} \iff G(f - f_0)$

$$g(t) e^{-j2\pi f_0 t} \iff G(f + f_0)$$

$$\therefore g(t) \frac{e^{j2\pi f_0 t} - e^{-j2\pi f_0 t}}{2j} \iff \frac{G(f - f_0) - G(f + f_0)}{2j}$$

(2)

USING CA. (\*)

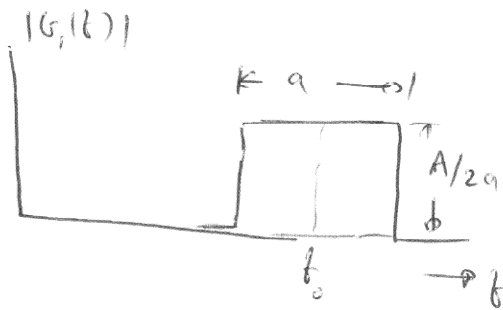
$$\text{i.e. } g_1(t) \xLeftrightarrow \frac{A}{2a} \left\{ \text{rect}\left(\frac{t-t_0}{a}\right) - \text{rect}\left(\frac{t+t_0}{a}\right) \right\} \\ = G_1(f)$$

~~$g_1(t)$~~

WHEN  $t > 0$

$$G_1(f) = \frac{A}{2a} \text{rect}\left(\frac{f-t_0}{a}\right) \quad (\because \text{rect}\left(\frac{f+t_0}{a}\right) \text{ is} \\ \text{CENTERED AT } f = -t_0 \\ \leftarrow a \ll t_0)$$

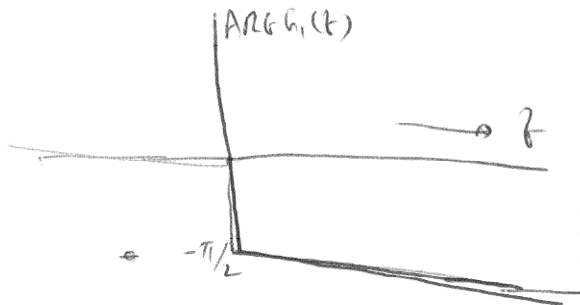
POSITIVE SPECTRUM



$$|G_1(f)| = \frac{A}{2a} \text{rect}\left(\frac{f-t_0}{a}\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{j} = -j = e^{-j\pi/2}$$

$$\therefore \angle G_1(f) = -\pi/2 \quad \text{when } f > 0$$



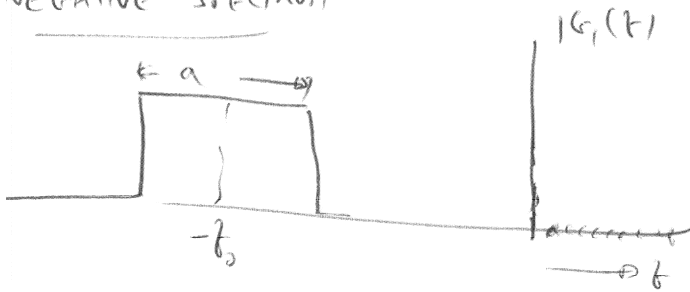
(3)

WHEN  $\tau < 0$ ,

$$G_1(f) = \frac{-A}{2\alpha j} \text{sinc}(f + f_0)$$

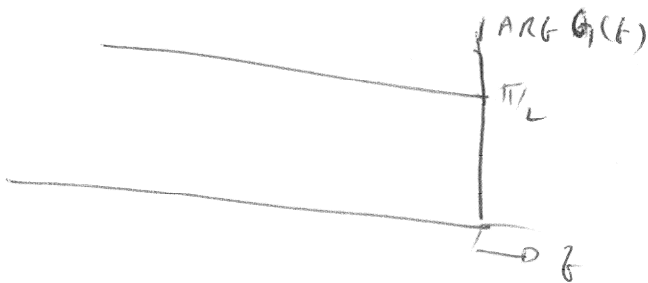
$$|G_1(f)| = \frac{A}{2\alpha} \text{sinc}(f + f_0)$$

NEGATIVE SPECTRUM

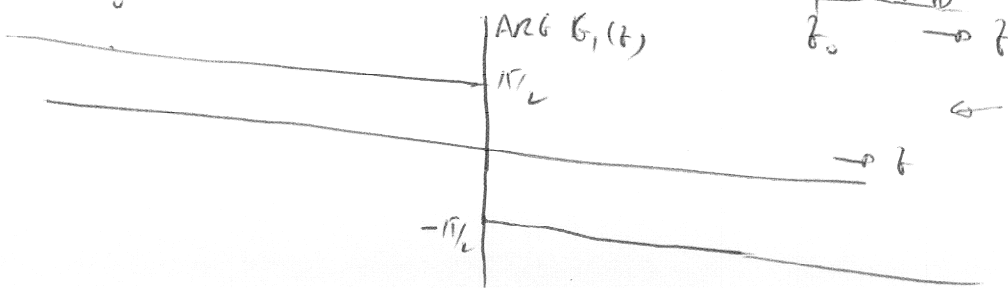
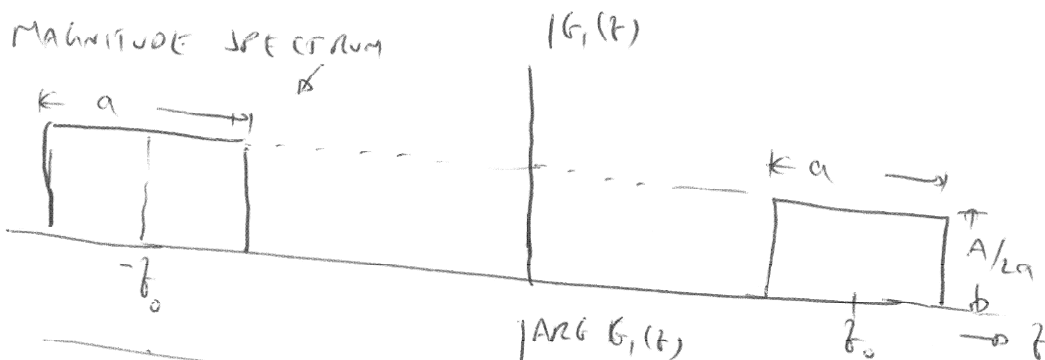


$$\frac{-1}{j} = j = e^{j\pi/2}$$

$\therefore \angle G_1(f) = \pi/2$  WHEN  $\tau < 0$



MAGNITUDE SPECTRUM



PHASE SPECTRUM

(4)

NOTE THAT MAGNITUDE SPECTRUM IS SYMMETRIC PHASE  
SPECTRUM IS ANTI-SYMMETRIC SINCE  $g_1(t)$  IS REAL.