

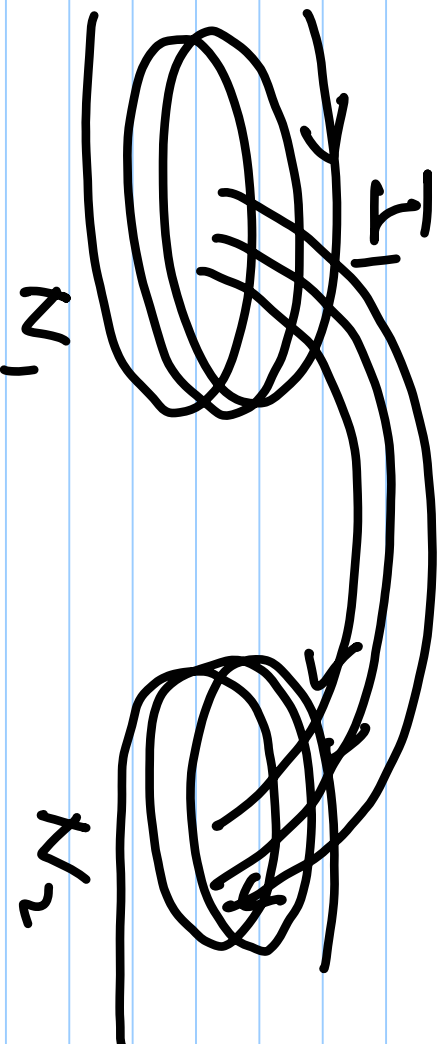
Lecture 7

From sections 8.8 and 8.9

Solve 8.33, 8.35, 8.37, 8.40,

8.41

Flux linkage



$$N_{21} = \iint B_1 \cdot d\underline{s} = \text{Flux crossing}$$

second circuit due to current in
the first circuit

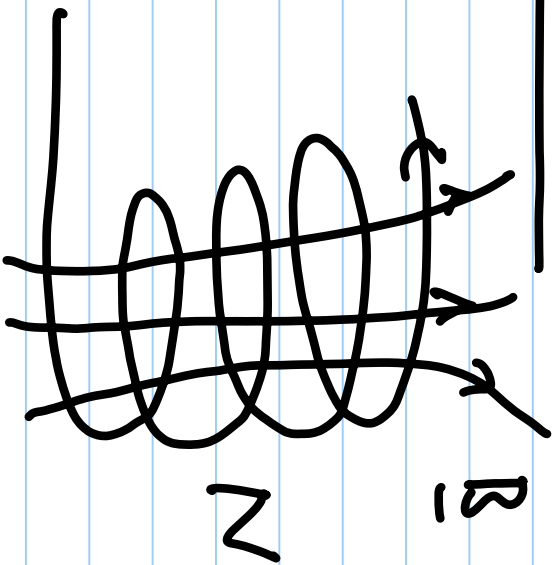
Flux Linkage (Cont'd)

* $\mathcal{F}_{21} = N_2 \mathcal{H}_{21} = \text{Flux Linkage} = \text{Flux}$
Linking All turns of second circuit
due to the magnetic field of the first
circuit.

* Similarly, we can define \mathcal{M}_{12} , and \mathcal{F}_{12}

$$\mathcal{M}_{12} = \int_{S_1} \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{S}, \quad \mathcal{F}_{12} = N_1 \mathcal{H}_{12}$$

Self Flux

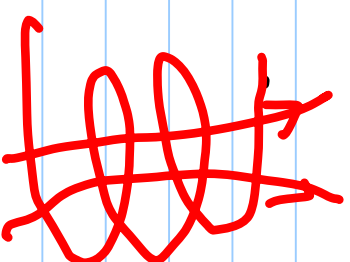


$$\mathcal{H} = \iint_{\mathcal{V}} \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{s}$$

$$\lambda = N \mathcal{H}$$

Inductance

* Self Inductance = $\frac{\lambda}{I} = L$



* Mutual Inductance

$$M_{12} = \frac{\lambda_{12}}{I_2}$$

$$M_{21} = \frac{\lambda_{21}}{I_1}$$

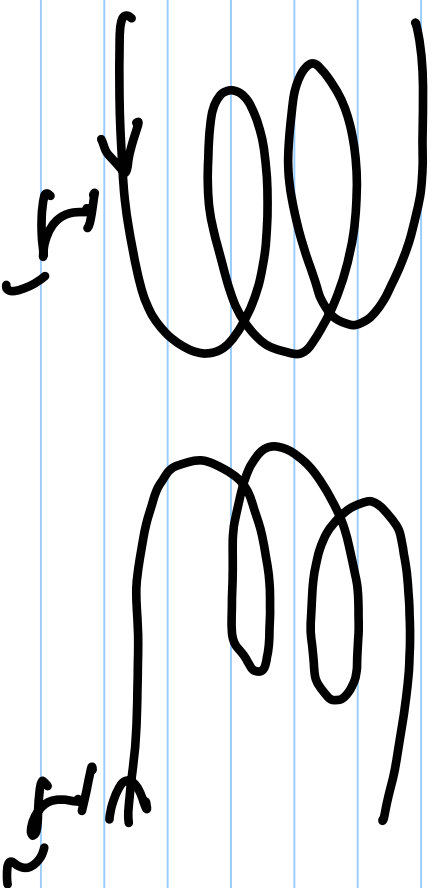
* For linear medium $M_{12} = M_{21}$



Coupled Circuits

$$R_1 = R_{11} + R_{12}$$

$$R_2 = R_{22} + R_{21}$$



$$W_h = W_1 + W_2 + W_{12}$$

$$W_h = \frac{1}{2} L_1 I_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} L_2 I_2^2 \pm M_{12} I_1 I_2$$

Magnetic Energy

$$W_E = \frac{1}{2} \iiint_V \vec{D} \cdot \vec{E} \, dV$$



$$W_E = \frac{1}{2} \iiint_V \epsilon |\vec{E}|^2 \, dV$$

Similarly,

$$W_m = \frac{1}{2} \iiint_V \vec{B} \cdot \vec{H} \, dV = \frac{1}{2} \iiint_V \mu |\vec{H}|^2 \, dV$$

